Supplement to UN Watch’s June 20, 2006 Report, “Switzerland’s Nominee to the UN Human Rights Council and the Moammar Khaddafi Human Rights Prize”

Excerpts from www.gaddafiprize.org* documenting Jean Ziegler’s role as a 1989 co-founder and 2002 Khaddafi Prize winner and confirming the Khaddafi Prize organization’s control over North-South XXI and the North-South Institute (of which Jean Ziegler is Vice-President)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Excerpt Number</th>
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</table>
| 1              | “About Us” page                                                          | • Identifies the Popular Committee, North-South XXI, and the North-South Institute as Khaddafi Prize organs  
• Lists Jean Ziegler as a 2002 Khaddafi Prize winner  |
| 2              | From “Documents” page, General People’s Congress Decision No. 10 of 1988 | • Decides to establish the Khaddafi Prize and a committee to manage and award it                      |
| 3              | From “Documents” page, General People’s Congress Decision No. 18 of 1989 | • Establishes the Popular Committee to manage and award the Khaddafi Prize  
• Lists Jean Ziegler as an original Popular Committee member                                        |
| 4              | From “Documents” page, Popular Committee Statute, 1989                   | • Lists Jean Ziegler as an original Popular Committee member                                         |
| 5              | From “Documents” page, Final Statement of the first Popular Committee Meeting, April 1989 | • Decides to establish a non-governmental organization to “take care of this vital project,” i.e. to manage and award the Khaddafi Prize |
| 6              | From “Documents” page, index of documents                                | • Includes the statutes of North-South XXI and the North-South Institute as Khaddafi Prize-related documents |
| 7              | “Activities and Events” page, Activities in 2002                        | • Confirms that Jean Ziegler was in Tripoli when the 2002 Khaddafi Prize was awarded  
• Lists Jean Ziegler as a 2002 Khaddafi Prize winner                                               |

* As of November 9, 2006. The Arabic-language pages were translated into English by Google Translator.
Excerpt 1
Gaddafi International Prize for Human Rights, the popularity of international non-governmental organizations dealing with human rights and peoples, without distinction between races and race, color, religion, based in Tripoli, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya.

Supervised by the international popularity, chaired by the struggling President (Ahmed Ben Bella), and membership includes a group of professors and specialists in human rights issues from different countries of the world renowned for their competence and integrity and to the Office of Executive Secretary General Professor (Nouri Al-Humaimidi Dao).

The prize other institutions such as the North-South 21 for Cultural Dialogue based in Geneva, It is a member observer in the Economic and Social Council, non-governmental organizations the United Nations. Gaddafi and the Institute for Human Rights.

The award is granted annually to one of the characters, bodies or international organizations, which have contributed excellent performance in the service of humanity distinguished and glorious carried out to defend the human rights, or championing the causes of freedom and peace support anywhere in the world.

It does not receive money or financial aid or grants conditional, also not subject to any requirements or political criteria.
Prize believes strongly that the natural right of freedom of the human person were indivisible and not tender him or from anyone. The responsibility of defending humanity in general.

Founded Gaddafi International Prize for Human Rights in 1988 in decision of the People's Congresses of recognition and gratitude for the rebellious leader (Gaddafi), in recognition of its role in promoting the concept of direct democracy and the constant struggle and the important outstanding and urge him continuing to promote freedom rights and the issuance of the Great Green Charter of Haku's rights in the era of the masses in order to honor the symbols of faith in the values of freedom and the struggle for all human beings and nations, peoples, groups and individuals.

Objectives:
- Support the peaceful struggle towards freedom rights and the full enjoyment of their rights.
- Struggle against racial discrimination.
- Contribute to the dissemination of the individual and collective awareness of the importance of human rights, content and safeguards, regardless of differences in religion, race, color or culture.
- Contributing to the creation of a global trend activist in the process of confirming and respect for human rights and peoples Inspired contained in the Great Green Charter for Human Rights in the era of the masses. In the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and all international charters concerned.

Composed Gaddafi International Prize for Human Rights of the following organs:
1 / Popular Committee for the International Gaddafi Award for Human Rights.
2 / Executive Office.
3 / body of international support for a prize in an advisory capacity.
4 / the North South / 21 of the cultural dialogue.
5 / Gaddafi Institute of Human Rights and Freedoms.

Honored who have been granted Gaddafi International Prize for Human Rights in the Age of the Masses:


Two children of the stones "occupied Palestine. (1990)

Four African Center for Counter Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS) (1992)

Five victims were children Bosna and Herzegovina. (1993)

6 Union human rights associations and peoples of Africa. (1994)

7 fighter President / Ahmed Ben Bella, The former Portuguese President / Costa Qumiz. (1995)

8 fighter the American Muslim / Lewis are two differences. (1996)

9 symbols Almerahman struggle for freedom and equality in the five continents. (1997)

President 10 fighter / Fidel Castro. (1998)

11 Iraqi children victims of hegemony and siege. (1999)

12 five symbols of the Palestinian national struggle and the struggle for freedom and Almsawahshi Bishara Joseph Ki Zerbo used Afumurales Emma movement December 12 European Center for the Third World. (2000)

A group of 13 writers and artists, writers and distinguished local, Arab and international (2002)

1-professor. Mamadou dia. Two-professor. Roger Garaudy. 3-professor. Ibrahim cosmic


10-professor. Rajab key Po Dabbous 11-Professor Mohamed key Alvituri 12-Professor / rapped on the 13-Abdelkader professor / Ahmed Ibrahim Faqih

15 President Hugo Chavez, President of the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela. (2004)
Excerpt 2
Decision No. (10)

For 1397, T P approved in 1988

On the development of

Gaddafi Prize for Human Rights

The General People's Congress

Having examined the document and the declaration of the power of the people.
The Law No. 9 of 1984 on the P-roots organizing conferences.
and in the general regulations of the People's Congresses.

The implementation of the resolutions of the Basic People's Congresses in the role of the emergency session, in 1397. TP approved in 1988

Discussion on the document human rights in the era of the masses and formulated with the General People in its emergency

held in Casablanca municipality Green Mountain is once again proud of 26 27 of Shawwal, 1397. t, 11 12

Last summer, 1988 P.

Decided

Article (1):

develop Award called Gaddafi Prize for Human Rights.

Article (2):

The award is granted mentioned each of the preceding article, the distinctive glorious work in support of peace and in support of human rights issues

Freedom anywhere in the world.

Article (3):


11/9/2006
constitute a committee to be in charge of the task of identifying the characteristics and glorious action and arrangements for the granting of the prize.

Article (4):

The masses of the Basic People's Congresses financing Gaddafi Prize for Human Rights.

Article (5):

this decision is published in the Official Gazette and a staff of the date of its publication.

the General People's Congress

Issued in Casablanca

Date : 27 / AH / 1397 and. R.

Approved : 12 / summer / P 1988
Excerpt 3
General Secretariat of the General People's Congress

No. (18) of the 1989 P

On the establishment of the Gaddafi Prize for Human Rights

In the era of the masses

Pursuant to the resolution of the General People's No. (10) of 1988 P in its first emergency
For 1988 P held in Casablanca from 26 and 27 Shawwal 1397. R. 12, 11 summer


Decided

**Article (1):**

The Commission is established, popular with international legal personality separate budget called (People's Committee of the International Award Gaddafi for Human Rights in the Age of the Masses) to be based in the Great Jamahiriya. and that may arise with branches or

Offices outside the Libyan decision of the Committee.

**Article (2):**

Competent People's Committee for the International Gaddafi Award for Human Rights in the Age of the Masses b:

A annual award on behalf of Gaddafi Prize for Human Rights in accordance with the principles and conditions contained decision of the people


B investment funds allocated to the prize and the Statute of the Commission on ways and areas of investment.

C assume administrative affairs at the Commission's headquarters and branches and offices.

D action incorporation.
Article (3):

The People's Committee is composed of the International Gaddafi Award for Human Rights in the era of the masses:

1. One brother/ d. Key told Omar. Chairman of the Committee
2. Brother/ Omar Khalifa Al-Hamedi. Coordinator of the Commission
3. Brother/ d. Mohamed Ahmed Al-Sharif. Member
4. Brother/ d. Rajab key Abaudbos. Member
5. Brother/ Muhammad Ali Capricorn. Member
6. Brother/ Tallisi Khalifa. Member
7. Brother/ d. Khairi small. Member
8. Brother/ Farouk Abouaisi. Member
9. Brother/ Lutfi al-Khouli. Member
10. Brother/ d. Mohammad Al-Majthoub. Member
11. Mr. / Jean-Marie Briones. Member
12. Mr. / d. Robert Sharfan. Member
13. Mr. / John Ziegler. Member
14. Mr. / d. Hans Kamp. Member
15 Mr. d. Bashir Ahmed Malik. Member

The committee may include membership of the need for joining it.

**Article (4):**

The funds consist of:

- aikhssh community support (!)
- the proceeds to invest their funds (←)
- reservations accepted unconditional Committee (ɔ)

Reservation and the money in a bank operating in the Great Jamahiriya or outside the statute governing the disposition of these funds.

**Article (5):**

Committee shall determine the value of the prize annually in revenue from capital investment and contributions to the committee without the inviolability of capital.

Original and take the procedures and arrangements of the prize, as stipulated in the Statute.

**A substance (6):**

The Committee may grant the prize for activist or more of campaigning for human rights and the Committee set a quota each of them.

They may also allocate part of the prize for the purposes of social or scientific contribute to the service of freedom and peace and human rights.
**Article (7):**

Awards Gaddafi for Human Rights in the Age of the Masses reasoned decision approved by the majority of members of the Committee, The Statute

How to accept nominations and methods and timing of the presentation and broadcasting.

**Article (8):**

The Committee's working procedures and arrangements for the award of a statute Gaddafi decided by the Commission.

**Article (9):**

This decision from the date of its issuance and shall be published in the Official Gazette and in various media.

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**the secretariat of the General People's Congress**

Issued in Syrte

Date: June 19 Jamad I, 1398. R.

Approved: 5 / Socialist / 1989
Excerpt 4
A committee of the International People
Gaddafi Prize for Human Rights

The statute

According to the decision of the General People No. 10 of 1988, Judge establishment of Gaddafi Prize for Human Rights.

The decision to the secretariat of the General People's No. 18 of 1989, the formation of the
People’s Committee of the International Award, and in order to carry out the responsibilities of faith with the imperatives of freedom, peace and progress, and the consolidation of human rights came the Great Green Charter for Human Rights in the Age of the Masses to add new dimensions added to the humanitarian gains, which were decided Gaddafi Prize for Human Rights, in the meeting held in Tripoli on 15 April 16, 1989, the People’s Committee of the International Gaddafi Award for Human Rights Statute Altal:

ARTICLE 1:

The People’s Committee of International Affairs Prize as an international non-governmental organization with legal personality and an independent budget to be based in Tripoli, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya and may be established with offices abroad.

ARTICLE II:

The organization aims to:

1 - Support the struggle for the achievement of freedom and human rights, championing the causes everywhere, as well as the struggle against all types of racial discrimination

2 - To contribute to spreading awareness on the level of individual
AND COLLECTIVE HUMAN RIGHTS AND THE IMPORTANCE OF THEIR CONTENT AND SAFEGUARDS WITHOUT CONSIDERATION TO THE DIFFERENCES IN IDEOLOGIES, RELIGIONS, CULTURES OR POLITICAL SYSTEMS.

3 - CONTRIBUTING TO THE CREATION OF A GLOBAL TREND ACTIVIST IN THE PROCESS OF CONFIRMING AND RESPECT FOR HUMAN RIGHTS AS CONTAINED IN THE GREAT GREEN CHARTER FOR HUMAN RIGHTS IN THE ERA OF THE MASSES. IN THE UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS AND ALL INTERNATIONAL CHARTERS CONCERNED.

ARTICLE III:

THE COMMISSION IN ORDER TO ACHIEVE THEIR AIMS, IN PARTICULAR:

1 - MONITORING AND DOCUMENTING ALL ASPECTS OF POLITICAL AND IDEOLOGICAL STRUGGLE FOR HUMAN RIGHTS

2 - SUPPORT FOR CULTURAL EVENTS AND PUBLIC INTELLECTUAL FOR HUMAN RIGHTS

ARTICLE IV:

THE ORGANIZATION CONSISTS OF THE FOLLOWING ORGANS:

INTERNATIONAL PEOPLE'S COMMITTEE-1

EXECUTIVE OFFICE-2
3 - THE INTERNATIONAL SUPPORT FOR THE PRIZE, IT IS IN AN ADVISORY CAPACITY

4 - GADDAFI INSTITUTE FOR HUMAN RIGHTS

ARTICLE V:

A) THE PEOPLE'S COMMITTEE OF THE INTERNATIONAL SUPERVISOR IS THE FIRST BY THE ORGANIZATION, RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MANAGEMENT, SPECIALIZE INCLUDING:

1 - DECIDED TO GIVE THE PRIZE (OR PRIZES) PER YEAR

2 - OVERSEEING THE MANAGEMENT OF THE FUNDS ALLOCATED TO THE PRIZE

3 - SELECTION OF MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE OFFICE AND THE ADVISORY BODY

4 - SUPERVISION OF THE INSTITUTE AND TO ALL TECHNICAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE WORK OF THE INSTITUTION

B) PEOPLE'S COMMITTEE MEETS ONCE EVERY SIX MONTHS, THE INVITATION OF THE PRESIDENT OR SECRETARY-GENERAL, AND TAKE DECISIONS BY MAJORITY VOTE.

ARTICLE VI:

THE OFFICE OF THE EXECUTIVE (5) MEMBERS, THEY ARE SELECTED FOR A PERIOD OF THREE YEARS, SUBJECT TO RENEWAL BY THE COMMISSION, TOGETHER AS FOLLOWS:
CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE-1
TWO-YEAR COORDINATOR, THE SECRETARY OF THE EXECUTIVE OFFICE
FINANCIAL OFFICER-3
4 - .EXTERNAL RELATIONS OFFICER
5 - .OFFICIAL INTERNAL RELATIONS

THE DECISIONS TAKEN BY ITS MEMBERS.

ARTICLE 7:

THE EXECUTIVE OFFICE IS THE ADMINISTRATIVE AND DIRECT AWARD RESPECT TO THE FOLLOWING:

1 / REPRESENTATION OF THE ORGANIZATION BEFORE ALHENOIUAT ADMINISTRATIVE, JUDICIAL AND SIGNED BY, HE MAY DELEGATE THE PRESIDENT OR SECRETARY-GENERAL, OR ONE OF ITS MEMBERS OR ANY OTHER PERSON TO DO SO.

2 / DEPARTMENT OF ORGANIZATION AND THE ISSUANCE OF DECREES AND REGULATIONS REQUIRED.


4 / IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECISIONS OF THE INTERNATIONAL PEOPLE'S COMMITTEE.
5 / CALL PEOPLE'S COMMITTEE AND THE INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE OF THE ADVISORY SUPPORT TO THE MEETINGS.

6 / DECISION ESTABLISHING FOREIGN OFFICES.

**ARTICLE VIII:**

The International Advisory Support for the Award is a decision of the People's Committee of a number of international figures, it meets once a year, the invitation from the Executive Office, specialize including:

1 - Submit nominations for the Award

2 - To express an opinion on the nominations before it

**ARTICLE IX:**

A) Gaddafi Institute for Human Rights is an organ of the Organization, working under the supervision of the Executive Office to conduct research and studies, documentation and the holding of seminars, printing and distribution of brochures and in the following areas:

1 / Practices relating to human rights in all countries of the world.

2 / Comparative legislation for human rights and guarantees.

3 / Charged by the Committee or the Executive Office of Research.

4 / Participate in the scientific activities relating to human rights.
B) ADMINISTERED BY THE DIRECTOR OF THE INSTITUTE OR MORE APPOINTED BY THE EXECUTIVE OFFICE.

**ARTICLE X:**

A SECTION ORGANIZATION FOR ADMINISTRATIVE AFFAIRS AND FINANCE, CONSISTING OF A SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF STAFF UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF THE COORDINATOR-GENERAL.

**ARTICLE ELEVEN:**

ARISE OFFICES OF THE ORGANIZATION ABROAD. THE DELEGATES WILL BE DESIGNATED BY THE EXECUTIVE OFFICE.

**TWELVE ARTICLE:**

(TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT)

Empower People's Committee of the International Congress of all the terms of reference of the rest of the organization in the transitional period, which expires on June 10, 1989, pending completion of construction of these devices.

**ARTICLE XIII:**
ORGANIZED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF FOUNDATION FUNDS AS A SPECIAL REGULATION ISSUED BY THE COMMITTEE IS AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS SYSTEM.

ARTICLE XIV:

THIS SYSTEM WORKS FROM THE DATE OF ISSUANCE, FOR THE COMMISSION TO MAKE DECISIONS AND REGULATIONS IN THE FRAMEWORK OF THE COMPETENCES CONFERRED ON IT.

RECOMMENDATIONS AND DECISIONS


FIRST:

1 - ADOPTION OF THE STATUTE OF THE COMMISSION

2 - ADOPTION OF THE RULES OF GADDAFI PRIZE FOR HUMAN RIGHTS

3 - ADOPTION OF THE FINANCIAL RULES OF THE AWARD
SECOND:

The People's Committee of the International Implementation of the Statute referred to the following:

1) Selection of the members of the Executive Office of the Commission.
   - Key told President Omar
   - Omar Al-Hamedi Secretary General
   - Jean-Marie Brisson Organizer for External Relations
   - John Ziegler, a member
   - Sami Nujoma members
   - Robert Sharfan Legal Adviser
   - Ahmed Accounts for the Financial Secretary

2) The nomination of candidates for membership of the International People's Committee as the attached list and authorized the Secretary of the Executive Office for the necessary contacts.

3) The nomination of candidates for the advisory support by the attached
LIST AND AUTHORIZED THE SECRETARY OF THE EXECUTIVE OFFICE FOR THE NECESSARY CONTACTS.

4) DEVELOP OBJECTIVE GUARANTEES UNTIL THE SELECTION PEOPLE'S COMMITTEE AND THE INTERNATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE AND THE NOMINATIONS FOR THE PRIZE, IN ORDER THAT THE FOLLOWING RULES:

- TO BE A CANDIDATE FOR ONE OF THOSE RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE SHAREHOLDER ADVOCACY ISSUES OF FREEDOM AND HUMAN RIGHTS AND EFFECTIVE CONTRIBUTION. MILITANT POSITIONS. LITERATURE RESEARCH AND SCIENTIFIC CONTRIBUTIONS.

B-LABOR CANDIDATE TO ACCEPT HIM.

5) AUTHORIZE THE EXECUTIVE OFFICE BROADCASTING IN THE MEMBERSHIP OF THE BODIES REFERRED TO AND TAKE THE NECESSARY ACTION.


7) INFORM THE MEMBERS OF THE INTERNATIONAL PEOPLE'S COMMITTEE OF ADVISERS AND THE NAME OF THE CANDIDATE FOR THE PRIZE AND ASKED THEIR VIEWS IN WRITING.

THIRD:

THE CONSTITUENT MEETING OF THE POPULAR COMMITTEE CALLED THE NAME OF THE
INTERNATIONAL AFRICAN FREEDOM FIGHTER NELSON MANDELA CANDIDATES FOR THE FIRST PRIZE TO BE AWARDED BY THE COMMITTEE.
Excerpt 5
NOTE PEOPLE'S COMMITTEE FOR THE INTERNATIONAL GADDAFI AWARD FOR HUMAN RIGHTS

(FINAL STATEMENT)

A COMMITMENT TO DEFEND HUMAN RIGHTS, UPHOLDING THE ISSUES OF FREEDOM AND DEMOCRACY IN THE WORLD, AND SUPPORT FOR THE GREAT GREEN DOCUMENT ON HUMAN RIGHTS, WHICH IS A DISTINCT CONTRIBUTION IN THE FIELD OF HUMAN RIGHTS AND A STRONG ADDITION TO THE EFFORTS OF HUMAN UNIVERSAL DECLARATIONS IN THIS REGARD.

HE MET IN TRIPOLI ON 15 APRIL 16, 1989 A NUMBER OF INTELLECTUALS AND
ACTIVISTS FROM AROUND THE WORLD, IN ORDER TO HOLD THE FOUNDING MEETING OF
THE POPULAR COMMITTEE FOR THE INTERNATIONAL GADDAFI AWARD FOR HUMAN
RIGHTS.

HAVE PARTICIPATED IN THIS MEETING, MANY OF THE DIGNITARIES THAT ATTENDED
THE GENERAL PEOPLE'S CONGRESS IN THE CITY OF CASABLANCA DURING THE MONTH OF
JUNE / SUMMER 1988 WHERE IT WAS DECIDED TO ISSUE THE GREAT GREEN DOCUMENT,
AND WHERE WAS THE DECISION TO CREATE THIS AWARD IN THE WORLD.

THE PARTICIPANTS IN THE MEETING DISCUSSED FREELY AND OPENLY COMPLETE THE
BASIC ISSUES OF PRINCIPLE AND PROCEDURE NECESSARY FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF AN
INTERNATIONAL GRASS-ROOTS ORGANIZATION, INDEPENDENT NON-GOVERNMENTAL
ORGANIZATION WITH LEGAL PERSONALITY AND TAKE CARE OF THIS VITAL PROJECT, AND
HISTORIC, WITH REGARD TO THE ATTRIBUTION OF THE PRIZE, WITH REGARD TO THE
ESTABLISHMENT OF THE INSTITUTE OF RIGHTS AND FREEDOMS AND TO FORM A SUPPORT
COMMITTEE INVOLVING SENIOR INTERNATIONAL ACTIVISTS AND INTELLECTUALS ON THE
PATH OF STRUGGLE FOR FREEDOM AND HUMAN RIGHTS.

THE MEETING WAS AS FOLLOWS :

1 - THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE INTERNATIONAL PEOPLE'S COMMITTEE FOR
HUMAN RIGHTS

2 - A POLITICAL SYSTEM THAT WILL GOVERN THE WORK OF THE COMMITTEE
FORMATION OF A COMMITTEE OF INTERNATIONAL SUPPORT, THE ROLE OF A-3
CONSULTANT TO ASSIST IN THE SELECTION OF CANDIDATES
4 - Regulations Required for the Nomination for the Award

5 - Selection of Members of the Executive Office of the People International

6 - Adoption of the Internal Regulations and Financial Requirements for the Management and Success of the Project

The conferees in their work that they were doing this step on the road to a new international honor the efforts and sacrifices made and being made for freedom.

The establishment of Gaddafi Prize for Human Rights, but it is an objective need and humanitarian milestone on the road to the struggle for respect for human rights and to create the objective conditions to enjoy their fundamental rights.

The meeting considers that releasing the name of the prize Gaddafi mentioned is the result of the humanitarian role played by the leader Muammar Gaddafi, a thinker and activist make human rights and issues and freedom are the essential preoccupations and concerns of his people and his nation's concerns and the concerns of all mankind. This was demonstrated by the more than once in more than one position, he became the occasion and deserved the prize that honors his name.

The Committee decided that the date of attribution prize for the first candidate for Gaddafi Prize for Human Rights in the international
CONFERENCE HELD IN THE LIBYAN BETWEEN 10 JUNE 12, 1989 TO MARK THE FIRST ANNIVERSARY OF THE ADOPTION OF THE GREAT GREEN CHARTER OF HUMAN RIGHTS.

ISSUED IN TRIPOLI IN APRIL 16, 1989

Gaddafi International Prize for Human Rights-All rights reserved © 2005
Excerpt 6
Documents Award

* / Decision No. 10

* / Decision No. 18

* / People's Committee for the International Gaddafi Award for Human Rights ... the statute

* / The north-south 21 ... The statute

* / North-South Institute ... for Cultural Dialogue the statute
* / The Red Indians ... The statute

* / Cooperation agreement between the North-South 21 and the African Union for Human Rights ... The statute

* / Agreement on the framework of cooperation between the north-South Institute and the World Center for Studies and Research Green ... Book the statute

* / General People's Committee for the establishment of the International Center for International control of HIV (AIDS) in Africa ... the statute

* / Albee to final the Popular Committee for the International Gaddafi Award for Human Rights ..... the statute

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International documents

* / Universal Declaration of Human Rights

* / United Nations Declaration on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination

* / United Nations Declaration on the Millennium
* / Declaration on the Right to Development

* / Declaration on the protection of women and children

* / Declaration of the Rights of the Child

* / Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples

* / Durban Declaration

* / the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child

* / Second Optional Protocol

* / Arab Charter on Human Rights

* / Resolution 194
Activities and events

Activities and events:

In order to achieve the desired goals, which has been affirmed in the prize in its rules and regulations, it has planned each year, based on its implementation through a series of programs enhancing human-rights and effective and influential in the context of its plans and objectives.

Has People's Committee for Gaddafi Prize for Human Rights, and of the organizations, develop plans and programs working hard to implement, and followed scrupulously, honesty and effort and perseverance.

They included programs of activities and events of the prize over the past years on the following activities:

Activities in 1989:

Will this year ((1989)), in the history of nations, not a declaration globally Gaddafi International Prize for Human Rights, but but will be a landmark human distinct and influential in the lives of

- Issue 13 on globalization.

A booklet on the awardees in 2000.

Each of:

Suha Bechara the Arab homeland of Lebanon.

Joseph Ki Zirino Africa Burkina Faso.

Ivo Morales Emma South America Bolivia.

December 12 Movement North America United States of America.

Center-Europe Third World Europe Switzerland.

2001: No award is granted to this year...

Activities in 2002:

/Seminar organized international prize, on"

"Muammar Qaddafi. Writer and creative"

In Tripoli from 26 to September 28, 2002, attended by many intellectuals, writers and artists. And presented in this symposium more than thirty-four search on all the different aspects of creativity creator Muammar Gaddafi.
The following is a list of the participants in the symposium intellectual International:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Position and Details</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>President Ahmed Ben Bella</td>
<td>President of the International People's Committee for Gaddafi Prize for Human Rights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. Key senior Omar</td>
<td>Member of the Executive Office (former President)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carmino Mifsud Bonnici</td>
<td>The Prime Minister of Malta, former</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jean Zikler</td>
<td>Dean of the University of Geneva (Switzerland)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Joseph Ki Zerbo used</td>
<td>Member of the Executive Office / Burkina Faso</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jean Volizo</td>
<td>Member of the Executive Office / France</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laurence Ndadaye</td>
<td>Member of the Executive Office / Burundi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ahmed Abdel Aal</td>
<td>Member of the Executive Office / Egypt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nuri Dhaw Humaimidi</td>
<td>Secretary General of the Popular Committee for the International Gaddafi Award for Human Rights</td>
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<tr>
<td>Please Jarudi</td>
<td>Adib thinker and writer,</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dia Mamadou</td>
<td>President of the (former) government</td>
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<tr>
<td>Denis Brian</td>
<td>The publishing house</td>
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<td>Now Rob strange</td>
<td>Fictional</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nadim Bitar</td>
<td>University professor and thinker</td>
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<tr>
<td>Name</td>
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<td>D. Rajab Abu Dabbas</td>
<td>Thinkers and university professor</td>
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<td>D. Mustafa Mohamed Kabbaj</td>
<td>University professor and researcher</td>
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<tr>
<td>D. Mahdi Emberesh</td>
<td>The writer, university professor</td>
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<tr>
<td>A. D. Safe Abdulalbar</td>
<td>A writer and a professor</td>
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<tr>
<td>Net Said Ahmed</td>
<td>Writer and journalist</td>
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<tr>
<td>Good Omar Matar</td>
<td>Writer and poet</td>
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<tr>
<td>D. Abdullah Abu HIV</td>
<td>Writer and literary critic</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fatima Salim Alhaji</td>
<td>Writer and critically</td>
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<tr>
<td>Abdurrazzaq Wahid</td>
<td>Poet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ahmadi Yahya</td>
<td>University professor and researcher</td>
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<td>Fouad Kandeel</td>
<td>Writer</td>
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<td>D. Ziad Ali</td>
<td>A journalist and writer,</td>
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<td>Qays al-Azzawi</td>
<td>Writer</td>
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<td>Colette Khoury</td>
<td>Writer</td>
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<td>Abdelkader Husseini</td>
<td>Writer</td>
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<td>Yassin Rvaih</td>
<td>Waqqaas and Adib</td>
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<tr>
<td>D. Noureddine Dam</td>
<td>Critically, university professor</td>
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<td>The tribal Lütifiyey</td>
<td>Writer</td>
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<tr>
<td>Abdul Rasul Aribi</td>
<td>Writer</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mansour Bushnaw</td>
<td>Writer and journalist</td>
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<td>Subhiyah return</td>
<td>Writer</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fawzi Albsti</td>
<td>Writer and journalist</td>
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<tr>
<td>Abdullah Mnitan</td>
<td>Writer and the programs</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nuri Shakir</td>
<td>Novelist and critic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. Salah Niazi</td>
<td>Poet, writer and critic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mazen Mustafa Hasan</td>
<td>Writer and Professor at the University of Success</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abdalalbar Yassin Hussein</td>
<td>Writer and critic</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
D. Rahman Yasin Hassan  | Researcher and journalist
D. The Albossiri       | Researcher Center Jihad Libyans
Idris Khouri          | Writer and novelist
Mohamed Alvituri      | Poet
Talhah Jibril         | Press and radio
Thanks Bakry          | Writer and journalist
D. Bashir lunar       | Critic
Ismail Rabi           | Writer
Izzedine Almihibi     | A poet and president of the Federation of Algerian writers
And Assini A'raj      | Fictional
D. Osman Badri        | Critically, university professor
Hassan Hamid          | Fictional
Muhammad Al-Khalidi   | Press
D. Ahmed Ibrahim Al-Faqeeh | Fictional
Bukunta Diallo        | Counsel
Abdullah Say          | Press
Omar al - Tahir       | Writer and journalist
Susannah Tarbush      | Writer
Moussa Alashkham      | Writer and journalist
Meral Altahaoui       | Writer
Samir al-Jamal        | Critic

People's Committee awarded the International Gaddafi Prize for Human Rights, prize for this year, the thirteen personal intellectual and moral from inside and outside the Libyan, They are:

Thinker / Mamadou dia
Activities and events

Thinker / Please Jarudi
Dr. / Nadim Bitar
Dr. / John Zikler
Dr. / Mohamed Ahmed Al-Sharif
Professor / Ali Mustafa Almasserati
Dr. / Mohamed Khalifa Tallisi
Dr. / Ragab Abaudbos
Dr. / Ali Fahmi Kchim
Professor / cosmic Ibrahim
Poet / the former Abdulkadir
Poet / Mohamed key Alvituri
Dr. / Ahmed Ibrahim Faqih

Activities in 2003:

The prize was awarded this year to Pope Shenouda III
(Pope of Alexandria and Patriarch of Saint Macarios 117)